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THE NOVEL MACROCYCLIC AND LINEAR-CHAIN THIOETHERS FROM PERCHLOROBUTADIENE AND DITHIOLES

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Compounds **3a-c**, **4a**,**b**, **5a-c**, and **6a**,**c** were obtained from the reactions of perchlorobutadiene (**1**) with 1,4-butanedithiol (**2a**), 1,5-pentanethiol (**2b**), and 2.2'-(ethlene-dioxyl)diethanethiol (**2c**) in ethanol in the presence of sodium hydroxide. Compounds **7a**,**b** were obtained from the reactions of thioethers **3a**,**b** with m-chlorperbenzoic acid in CHCl₃.

Keywords: Cyclic thioethers; disulphids; dithiols; hexachlorobutadiene; sulphone; thioethers

Previously, the reactions of hexachlorobutadienes with some thiols were reported. $^{1-6}$ The same thioehers were obtained in the reactions of hexachlorobutadiene with methanethiol. It was reported in the US Patent that these compounds exhibit biological activity. We reported previously the synthesis of cyclic and straight-chain thioethers from the reactions of hexachlorobutadiene with some thiols. $^{8-12}$

The aim of this work was to synthesis novel compounds from the reactions of perchlorobutadiene with some dithiols and also establish the structure of these novel compounds.

Macrocyclic thio-crown ethers are of particular interest, among other reasons, as potential heavy-metal receptors and could be useful for treatment of heavy-metal poisoning.¹³

Previously, mono(thio)- and bis(thio)substituted diene compounds have been produced from the ractions of nitrodienes with thiols in the presence of NaOH in ethanol. $^{14-21}$

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Compounds **3a-c**, **4a**,**b**, **5a-c**, and **6a**,**c** were obtained from the reactions of compounds **1** with dithiols (Scheme 1).

SCHEME 1

Compounds **3a**, **5a**, and **6a** were known.²² Compounds **4a**,**b**, **3b**,**c**, **5b**,**c** and **6c** are novel and stable. Compounds **5b** and **5c** have an interesting cyclic thioether structure. Compound **6c** has a disulfide structure and is stable. The IR spectra of compound **6c** shows a characteristic band for S–S at 500 cm⁻¹.

The structures of these compounds were determined by microanalysis and spectroscopic data. Probably the reactions occurred according to the addition–elimination mechanism.

It was known that R–SO–SR and R–SO₂–SR have been obtained from the oxidation reactions of cyclic and straight-chain disulfides. ²³ In addition, it was also known that the sulfoxides R–SO–R and sulfones R–SO₂–R have been obtained from the cyclic and straight-chain thioethers. ^{24,25}

Thioethers 2545

The oxidation reactions of organosulfur compounds are important in the biochemistry and in industrial processes.²⁶

Compounds **7a** and **7b** sulfoxide were obtained from the reactions of 1 mole **3a,b** and 4 mole m-Cl-PBA in CHCl₃. The IR spectra of **7a** and **7b** show a characteristic band for the >S=O group at 1100 cm⁻¹.

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

 1H NMR: Varian (Inova) 500 MHz. IR: Shimadzu FTIR-8101. Microanalyses: Carlo-Erba 1106 Elemental Analyzer. Melting points: Büchi SMP 20. Products were isolated by column chromatography on SiO_2 (Fluka Kieselgel 60, particle size 0.063–0.2 mm). Thin layer chromatography (TLC) plates silica 60 F_{254} (Merck, Darmstadt), detection with UV light (254 nm).

Preperation of S-Substituted Polyhalodienes General Procedure I

Equimolar amounts of hexachlorobutadiene (1) in 10 ml of ethanol and dithioles in 10 ml of ethanol were mixed, and NaOH (in 8 ml of water) was added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred for 24 h until completion of the reaction (TLC). Chloroform was added to the reaction mixture. The organic layer was separated and washed with water (4 \times 30 ml), and dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel.

General Procedure II

Compounds 3a or 3b (1 mol) in 30 ml of chloroform was mixed with m-chloroperbenzoic acid (4 moles) in 30 ml of chloroform at 0°C for 24 h; 2N NaOH was added to the mixture, and then chloroform was added to the reaction mixture. The organic layer was separated and washed with water (4 \times 30 ml) and dried with anhydrous Na₂SO₄. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel.

6,6'-Dithia-tetrachlorobutadiene-1,3-bis(11-thia-12,13,14, 15,15-pentachloro-decadienyl-7,8) (4a)

Compound **4a** was synthesized from 1,1,2,3,4,4-hexachloro-1,3-butadiene (**1**) (2 g, 7.66 mmol) and butanedithiol (**2a**) (0.935 g, 7.66 mmol) according to general procedure I, yield, 1.5 g (22%); oil. $R_f = 0.3333$ (Petroleumether/CCl₄ 1:1). IR (film): $\nu = 2950$, 2900 cm⁻¹

(C–H), 1600 (C=C). 1 H NMR (CDCl₃): δ = 1.6–2.0 ppm (m, 8H, 4CH₂), 2.6–3.2 (m, 8H, 4CH₂-S). $C_{20}H_{16}Cl_{4}S_{4}$ (880.95) calcd.: C, 27.27; H, 1.83; S, 14.56. Found: C, 27.98; H, 1.81; S, 14.54.

5,5'-Pentadithio-bis(1,1,2,3,4-pentachloro-1,3-butadine) (3b), 6,6'-Dithia-tetrachlorobutadiene-1,3-bis(12-thia-13,14,15,16,16-pentachloro-undecadienyl-8,10) (4b), 2,3,4,5-tetra-chloro-1,6-dithia-cycloundeca-2,4-dien (5b)

Compounds **3b**, **4b**, and **5b** were synthesized from 1,1,2,3,4,4-hexachloro-1,3-butadiene (**1**) (5 g 19.15 mmol) and pentadithiol (**2b**) (2.61 g, 19.15 mmol) according to general procedure I.

3b: yield, 0.926 g (11%); oil. $R_f = 0.4167$ (Petroleumether). IR (film): $\nu = 2950,\ 2900\ cm^{-1}$ (C—H), 1600 (C—C). $^1H\ NMR$ (CDCl₃): $\delta = 12-2.2\ ppm$ (m, 6H, 3CH₂), 2.4–3.3 (m, 4H 2CH₂-S). $C_{13}H_{10}Cl_{10}S_2$ (584.88) calcd.: C, 26.7; H, 1.72; S, 10.96. Found: C, 26.89; H, 1.32; S, 10.50.

4b: yield, 1.236 g (9%); oil. $R_f = 0.7917$ (Petroleumether/CCl₄ 1:1) IR (film): $\nu = 2950$, 2900 cm⁻¹ (C–H), 1600 (C=C). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.2$ –2.0 ppm (m, 12H, 6CH₂), 2.4–3.3 (m, 8H, 4CH₂-S). $C_{22}H_{20}Cl_{14}S_4$ (909.0) calcd.: C, 29.07; H, 2.22; S, 14.11. Found: C, 29.59; H, 2.45; S, 14.29.

5b: yield, 0.92 g (19%); oil. $R_f = 0.7083$ (Petroleumether/CCl₄ 1:1) IR (film): $\nu = 2950$, 2900 cm⁻¹ (C–H), 1600 (C=C). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.2$ –2.0 ppm (m, 6H, 3CH₂), 2.4–3.2 (m, 4H, 2CH₂–S). $C_9H_{10}Cl_4S_4$ (324.12) calcd.: C, 33.35; H, 3.10; S, 19.78. Found: C, 33.08; H, 3.05; S, 19.52.

1,1,2,3,4,15,16,17,18,18-Decachloro-5,14-dithia-8,11-dioxa-octadecan-1,3,15,17-tetraen (3c); 1,1,2,3,4,25,26, 27,28,28-Decachloro-5,14,15,24-tetrathia-8,11,18,21-tetraoxa-octaeiko-san-1,3,25,27-tetraen (5c); and 1,6-dithia-9,12-dioxa-2,3,4,5-tetrachloro-tetradeca-2,4-dien (6c)

Compounds 3c, 5c, and 6c were synthesized from 1,1,2,3,4,4-hexachloro-1,3-butadiene (1) (5 g, 19.15 mmol) and 2,2'-(ethylenedioxy)-diethanethiol (2c) (3.49 g, 19.15 mmol) according to general procedure I.

3c: yield, 2 g (16%); oil. $R_f=0.3913$ (CH2Cl2/CCl4 1:2). IR (film): $\nu=2900~cm^{-1}$ (C–H), 1600, 1550 (C=C), 1100, 1300 (C–O–C). 1H NMR (CDCl3): $\delta=3.1$ –3.2 ppm (m, 4H, 2CH2-S), 3.5–3.7 (m, 8H, 4CH2-O). $C_{14}H_{12}Cl_{10}S_2O_2$ (631.284) calcd.: C, 26.65; H, 1.92; S, 10.16. Found: C, 26.38; H, 1.89; S, 10.53.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{5c} \colon \text{yield, } 3.4 \text{ g } (11\%); \text{ oil. } R_f = 0.7200 \text{ (CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{CCl}_4 \text{ 1:1). IR (film):} \\ \nu = 2900 \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ (C-H), } 1600, 1550 \text{ (C=C), } 1110, 1300 \text{ (C-O-C). }^1\text{H NMR (CDCl}_3): \\ \delta = 3.6\text{--}3.8 \text{ ppm (m, } 16\text{H, } 8\text{CH}_2), 3.2\text{--}3.3 \text{ (m, } 4\text{H, } 2\text{CH}_2\text{--S-S),} \\ 2.6\text{--}2.8 \text{ (m, } 4\text{H, } 2\text{CH}_2). \text{ C_{20}H}_2\text{4}\text{Cl}_{10}\text{S}_4\text{O}_4 \text{ (811.568) calcd; C, } 29.61; \text{ H, } \\ 2.98; \text{ S, } 15.81. \text{ Found: C, } 29.82; \text{ H, } 2.73; \text{ S, } 15.99. \\ \end{array}$

6c: yield, 1.8 g (13%); oil. $R_f = 0.5071$ (CHCl₃). IR (film): $\nu = 2950$ cm⁻¹ (C–H), 1610 (C=C), 1100, 1305 (C–O–C). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): $\delta = 3.6$ –3.8 ppm (m, 8H, 4CH₂-S), 2.8–3.2 (m, 4H, 2CH₂-O). $C_{10}H_{12}Cl_4S_2O_2$ (370.284) calcd.: C, 32.45; H, 3.27; S, 17.27. Found: C, 32.68; H, 3.18; S, 17.23.

5,5'-Butanyldisulfinyl-bis(1,1,2,3,4-pentachloro-1,3-butadiene (7a)

Compound **7a** was synthesized from 4,4′-butanedithio-bis (1,1,2,3,4-pentachloro-1,3-butadiene (**3a**) (0.5 g, 0.875 mmol) and m-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.151 g, 0.875 mmol) according to the general procedure II, yield, 0.3 g (57%); oil. $R_f = 0.4545$ (CCl₄/CH₂Cl₂ 2:1). IR (film): $\nu = 2950$, 2900 cm⁻¹ (C–H), 1605 (C=C), 1100 (S=O). C₁₆H₈Cl₁₀S₂O₂ (603.228) calcd.: C, 23.91; H, 1.34; S, 10.64. Found: C, 23.74; H, 1.32; S, 10.50.

6,6'-Pentanyldisulfinyl-bis(1,1,2,3,4-pentachloro-1,3-butadien (7b)

Compound **7b** was synthesized from 5,5′-pentanedithio-bis (1,1,2,3,4-pentachloro-1,3-butadiene (**3b**) (0.5 g 0.875 mmol) and m-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.151 g, 0.875 mmol) according to the general procedure II, yield, 0.005 g (25%); oil. $R_f=0.3333$ (CCl₄/CH₂Cl₂ 1:1). IR (film): $\nu=2950,\ 2990\ cm^{-1}$ (C—H), 1600, 1550 (C=C), 1080 (S=O). $C_{13}H_{10}Cl_{10}S_2O_2$ (616.883) calcd.: C, 25.3; H, 1.63; S, 10.40. Found: C, 25.4; H, 1.6; S, 10.5.

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